TABLE 9. Gynecologic Causes of Female Sexual Disorders and Method of Examination	TABLE 9	. Gynecologic Ca	auses of Female	Sexual Disorders	and Method of	Examination ⁵
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Examination	Condition				
Assess External Genitalia					
Assess muscle tone	Vaginismus				
Assess skin color and texture	Vulvar dystrophy, dermatitis				
Assess skin turgor and thickness	Atrophy				
Assess pubic hair amount and distribution	Atrophy				
Expose clitoris	Clitoral adhesions				
Assess for ulcers	Herpes simplex virus				
Perform cotton swab test of vestibule	Vulvar vestibulitis				
Palpate Bartholin glands	Bartholinitis				
Assess posterior forchette and hymenal ring	Episiotomy scars, strictures				
Perform "Monomanual" Exam (one or two fingers in the vagina, the other hand off of the abdomen so as not to confuse the source of discomfort)					
Palpate rectovaginal surface	Rectal disease				
Palpate levator ani	Levator ani myalgia, vaginismus				
Palpate bladder/urethra	Urethritis, interstitial cystitis, urinary tract infection				
Assess for cervical motion tenderness	Infection, peritonitis				
Assess vaginal depth	Postoperative changes, postradiation changes, stricture				
Perform Bimanual Exam (one or two fingers in the vagina, other hand on patient	t's abdomen)				
Palpate uterus	Retroversion, fibroids, endometritis				
Palpate adnexa	Masses, cysts, endometriosis, tenderness				
Perform rectovaginal exam	Rule out endometriosis				
Obtain guaiac test	Bowel disease				
Insert Speculum					
Evaluate discharge, pH	Vaginitis, atrophy				
Evaluate vaginal mucosa	Atrophy				
Perform Pap test	Human papillomavirus, cancer				
Assess for prolapse	Cystocele, rectocele, uterine prolapse				